

## Quarterly Update & ASH 2017 Abstract Conference Call

November 1, 2017

These slides and the accompanying oral presentation contain forward-looking statements and information. The use of words such as "may," "might," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "project," "intend," "future," "potential," or "continue," and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. For example, all statements we make regarding the initiation, timing, progress and results of our preclinical and clinical studies and our research and development programs, our ability to advance product candidates into, and successfully complete, clinical studies, and the timing or likelihood of regulatory filings and approvals are forward looking. All forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions by our management that, although we believe to be reasonable, are inherently uncertain. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected. These statements are also subject to a number of material risks and uncertainties that are described in our most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as well as our subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

## **Quarterly highlights**

## **Review ASH 2017 abstracts**

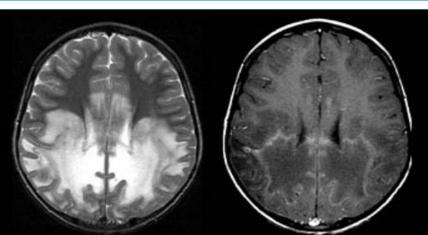
## Two key questions:

What is the relevance of the new data? What are expectations now, going into ASH?

## Our Vision: Make Hope a Reality



## **OUR PATIENTS**





**BLUE MOJO** 



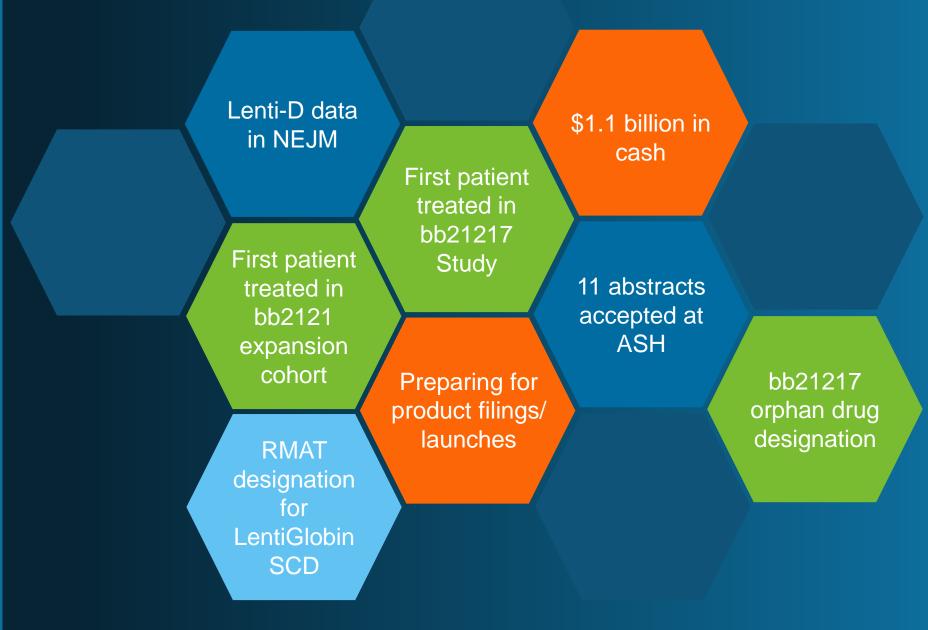
**TRUE BLUE** 

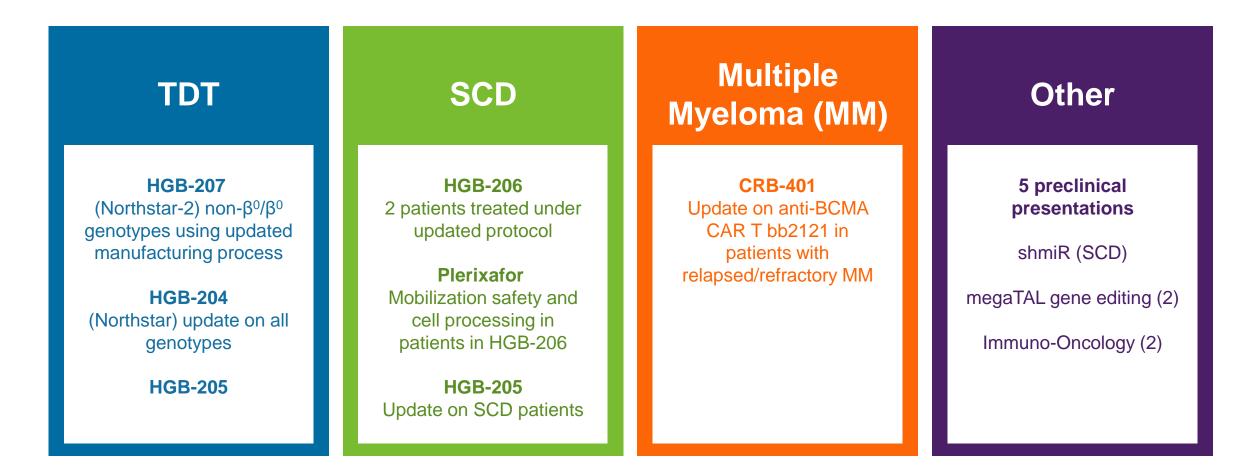


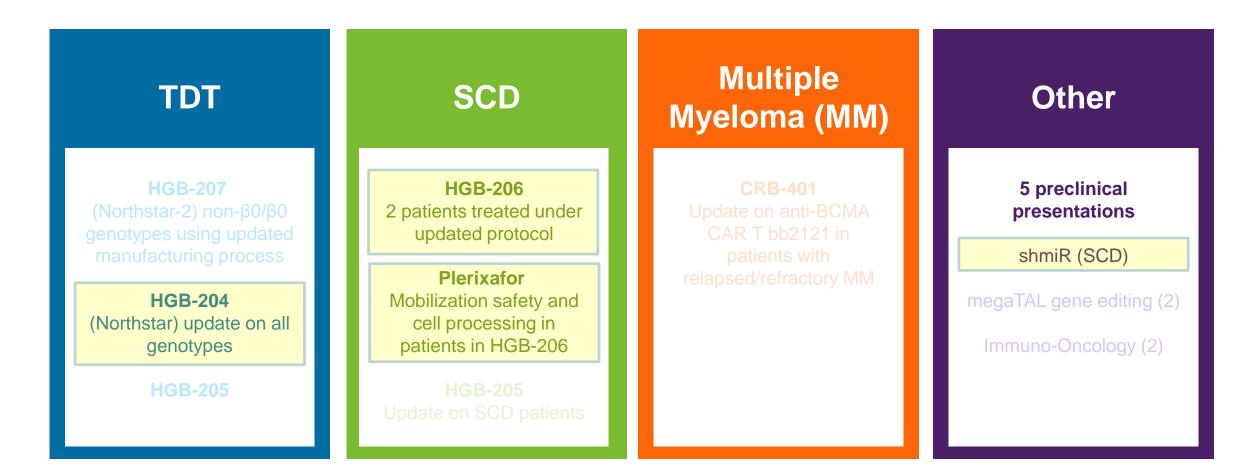
## **OUR PEOPLE**



Third Quarter 2017 Highlights







HGB-206	<ul> <li>Early data suggest positive impact of protocol and manufacturing process changes</li> </ul>
Plerixafor	<ul> <li>Plerixafor well tolerated and may enable increased cell doses with</li></ul>
Safety	higher percentage of true stem cells <li>Plerixafor mobilization implemented in HGB-206</li>
N&RTHSTAR	<ul> <li>Up to 3-year follow up data demonstrate durability of treatment and</li></ul>
HGB-204	potential for improved outcomes over time

## Transfusion-Dependent Thalassemia

N <del>≉</del> ₽ŢĤSŢAR	HGB-204	<ul> <li>Primary basis of EU filing</li> <li>Original manufacturing process</li> <li>All genotypes</li> </ul>
<b>Д+</b> нGB-205	HGB-205	<ul> <li>Basis of EU filing (with Northstar)</li> <li>Original manufacturing process</li> </ul>
N╈RTHSTAR-2	HGB-207	<ul> <li>Basis of US filing</li> <li>Refined manufacturing process</li> <li>non-β<sup>0</sup>/β<sup>0</sup> genotypes</li> </ul>
N RTHSTAR-3	HGB-212	<ul> <li>β<sup>0</sup>/β<sup>0</sup> genotypes</li> <li>Refined manufacturing process</li> <li>Study initiation planned in 2017</li> </ul>

## Non-β⁰/β⁰ (n=10)

#### 8 patients

- Transfusion free > 12 months (median 27.1 months; range 12.5 – 35.2 months)
- Hb level: 9.3 13.7 g/dL
- HbA<sup>T87Q</sup> level: 3.6 9.6 g/dL

#### 2 patients

- Annual transfusion volumes reduced by 30% and 94%
- Received lowest DP VCNs (0.3/0.4)

## β<sup>0</sup>/β<sup>0</sup> (n=8)

#### 2 patients

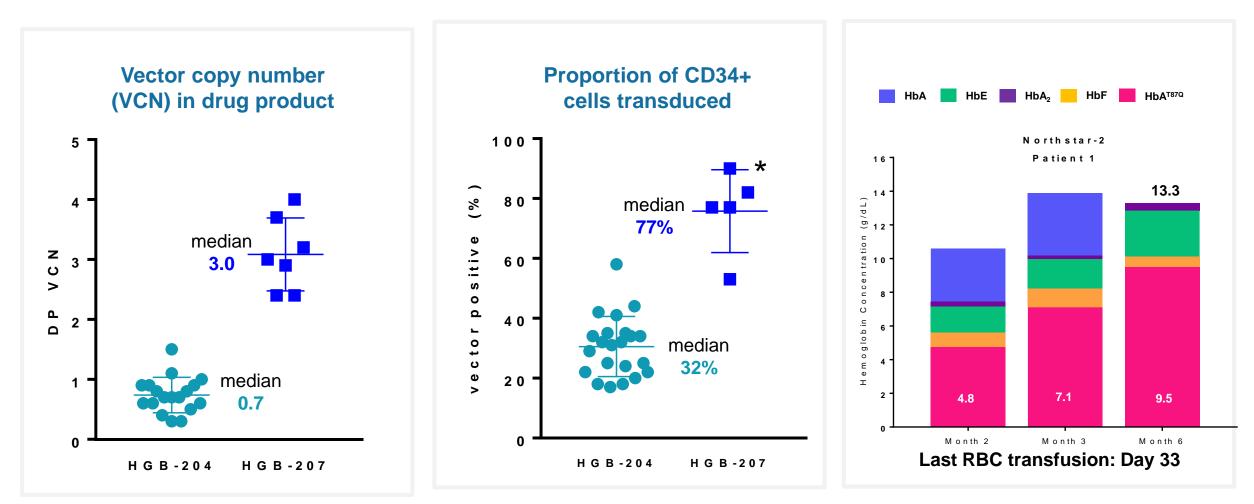
- Transfusion free > 12 months
- Hb level: 9.0 and 10.2 g/dL
- HbA<sup>T87Q</sup> level: 8.2 and 6.8 g/dL

#### 6 patients

 Annual transfusion volumes reduced by 63% (median)

Safety profile consistent with autologous transplantation

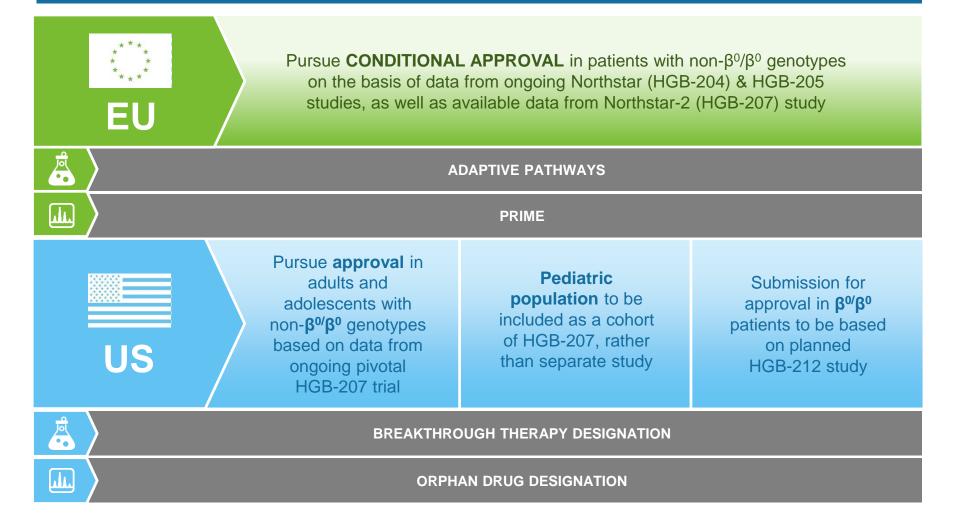
### Northstar-2: EHA Data Showed the Promising Impact of the Refined Manufacturing Process

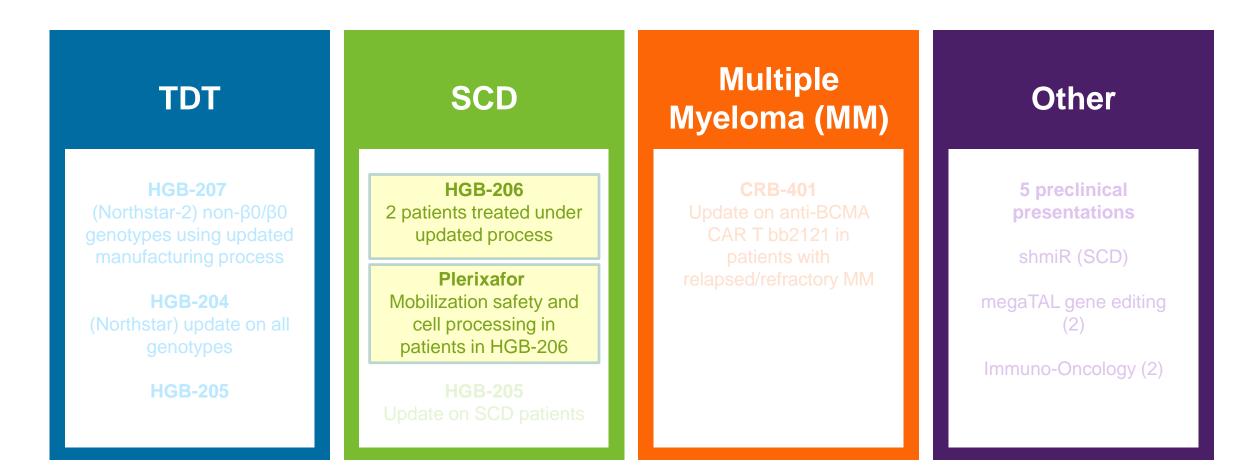


\* Samples from EU manufacturing pending vector positive analysis

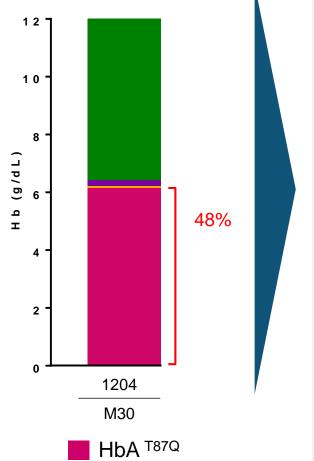
#### **TDT Registration Strategy**

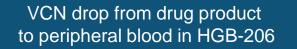
General agreement with EU & US regulators on the registration path for LentiGlobin BB305 for the treatment of transfusion-dependent β-thalassemia

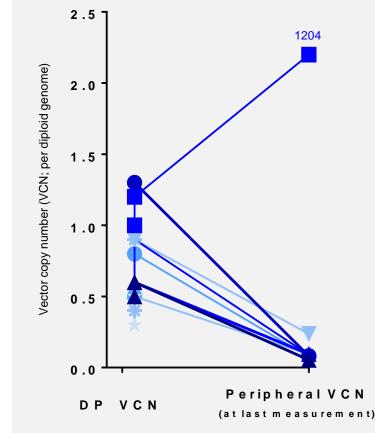


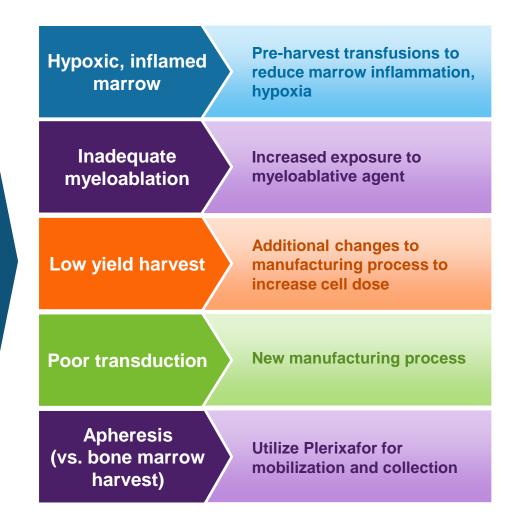


#### Understanding the Biology of SCD: Manufacturing and Protocol Improvements

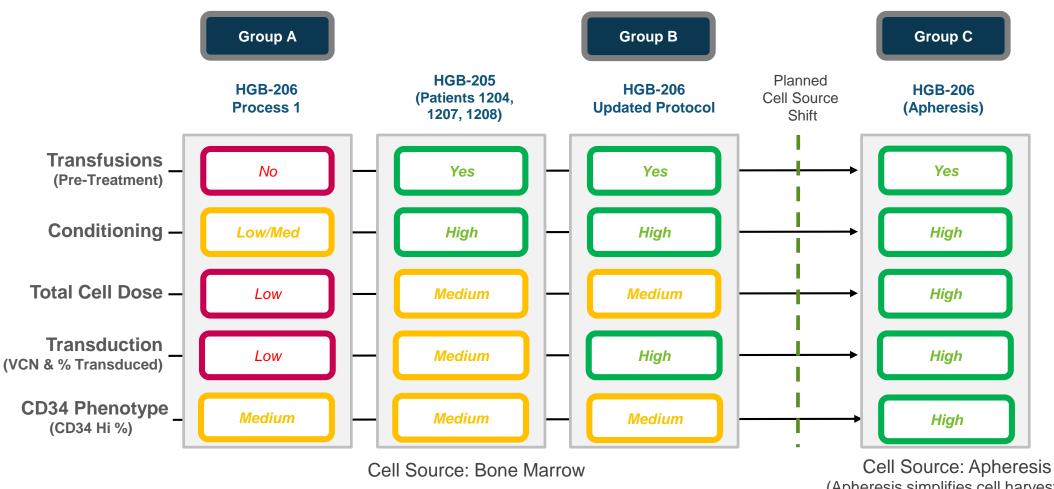






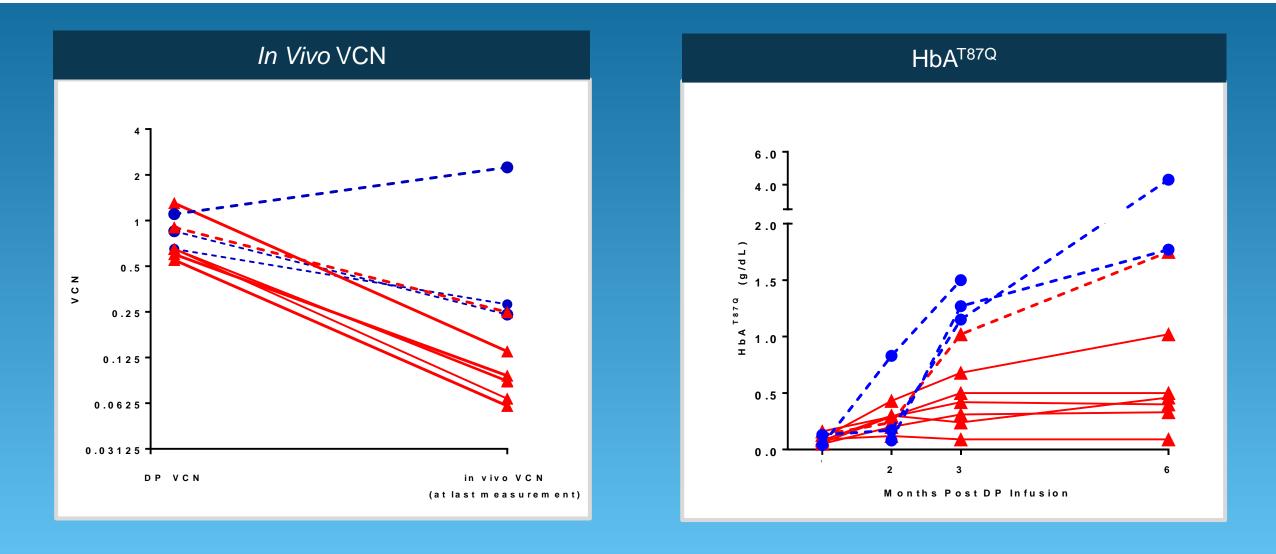


#### Evolution of LentiGlobin in SCD – New Early Data from Patients in Group B and Group C

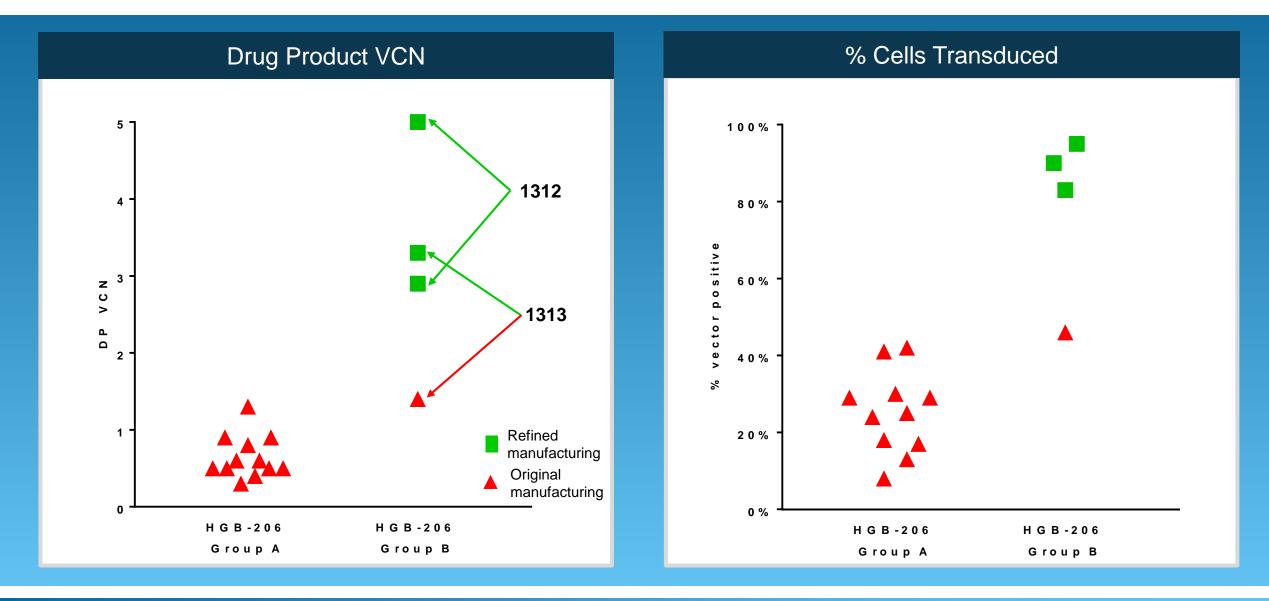


(Apheresis simplifies cell harvest and facilitates higher cell doses)

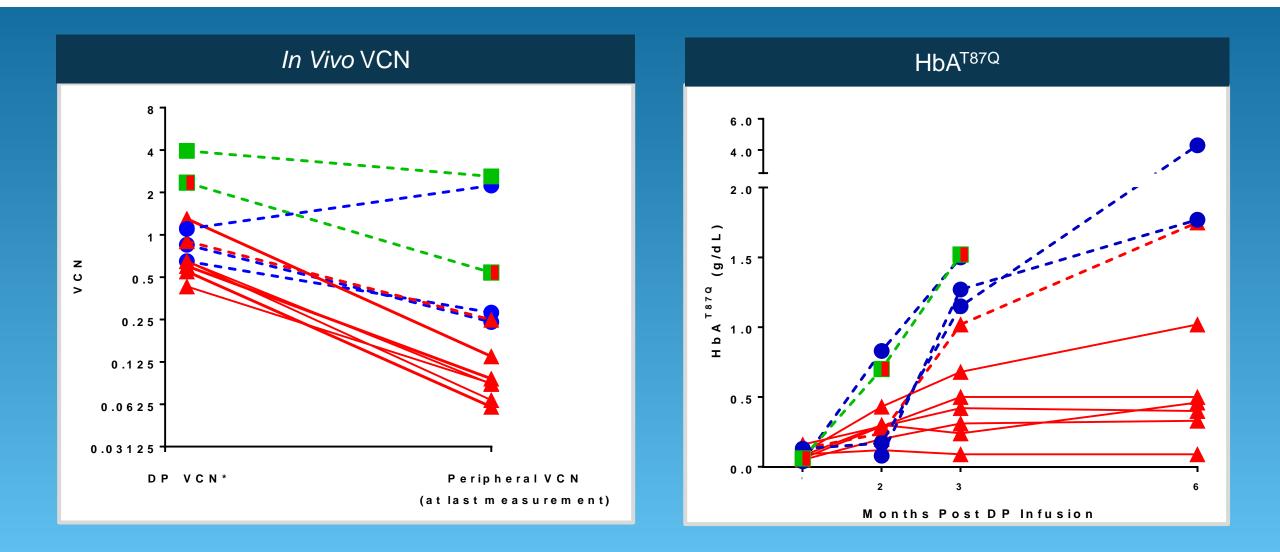
## Group A + Additional Patients in HGB-205 Show Impact of Transfusions, Optimized Conditioning



#### Group B: Early Data Indicates Impact of Process and Protocol Changes



#### Group B: Early Data Indicates Impact of Process and Protocol Changes



## **Initial Safety Assessment of Plerixafor Mobilization in 3 Patients**

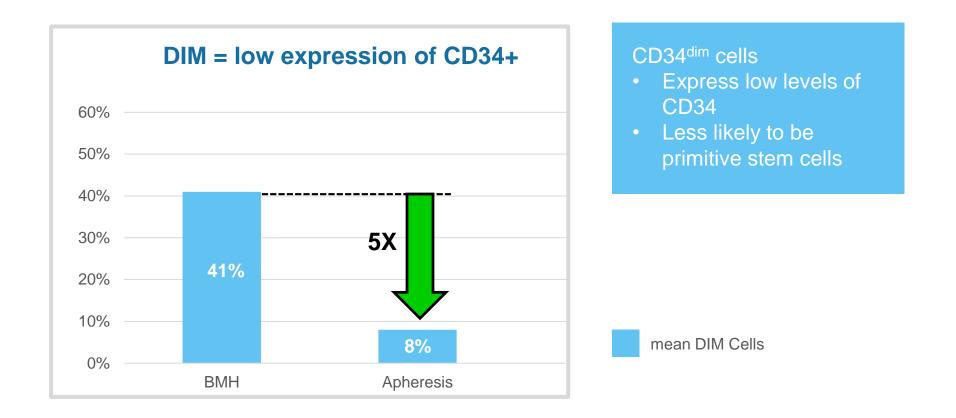
#### Results

- WELL TOLERATED no dose
   limiting toxicities observed
- CELL DOSE trending higher than
   with BMH
- **CELL PHENOTYPE** may be more favorable than BMH
- Early drug product data to be shown at ASH (no *in vivo* data)

#### **Cell Dose**

- CD34+ cells/kg collected in single day of apheresis = 15.3, 5.6, and 9.0 x 10<sup>6</sup>
  - For comparison, CD34+ cells/kg collected per BMH = 5.0 mean (range 0.3 – 10.8) x 10<sup>6</sup> (n=21)

#### **Plerixafor mobilization implemented in HGB-206**



Plerixafor mobilized cells have 5-fold fewer CD34<sup>dim</sup> cells than bone marrow harvested cells; suggests higher quality cell dose may be obtained

HGB-206	<ul> <li>Two subjects with severe sickle cell disease (SCD) treated under the amended study protocol with cells collected via bone marrow aspiration</li> <li>Early indication that changes to process and protocol yields improved DP VCN and in vivo peripheral VCN; expected to improve HbA<sup>T87Q</sup> hemoglobin production</li> </ul>
Plerixafor Safety	<ul> <li>Plerixafor was well tolerated and may enable increased cell doses with higher percentage of target primitive stem cells</li> <li>Acceptable toxicity profile with no dose-limiting toxicities observed</li> <li>Plerixafor mobilization has been implemented in HGB-206</li> </ul>
N&RTHSTAR HGB-204	<ul> <li>EU and US regulatory pathways on track</li> <li>Up to 3-year follow up data demonstrate durability of treatment and potential for improved outcome over time</li> <li>Safety profile consistent with autologous transplantation with no drug-product related adverse events</li> </ul>

#### PRECLINICAL

Preclinical Evaluation of a Novel Lentiviral Vector Driving Lineage-Specific BCL11A Knockdown  $\gamma$ -Globin Induced and Simultaneous Repression of  $\beta$ -Globin for the Potential Treatment of Sickle Cell Disease

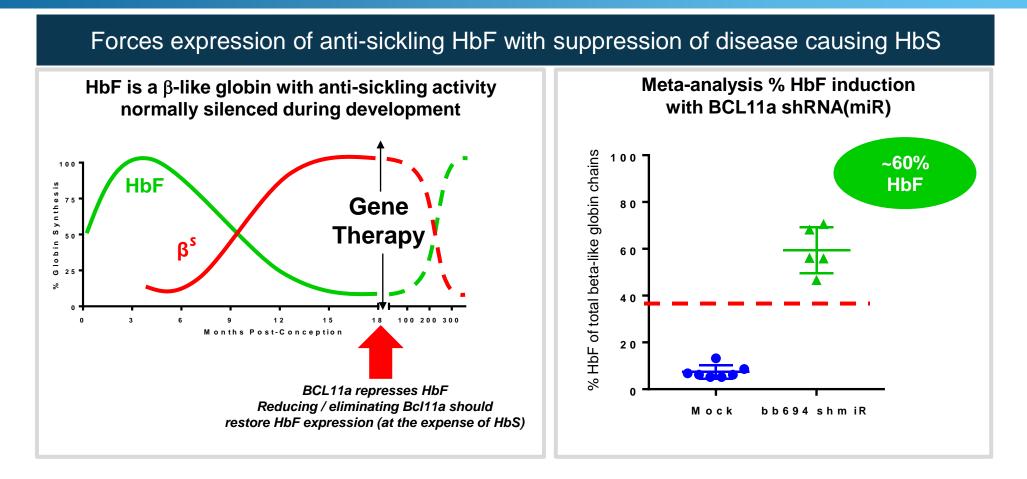
A novel TGF- $\beta$ /interleukin receptor signal conversion platform that protects CAR/TCR T cells from TGF- $\beta$ -mediated immune suppression and induces T cell supportive signaling networks

A Drug-Regulated CAR Platform (DARIC) Induces Effective and Reversible Tumor Control In Vivo Using Non-Immunosuppressive Rapamycin Dosing

Gene Editing of TRAC Locus Utilizing megaTAL Nucleases Increases Expression of Transgenic TCRs Delivered via Lentiviral Vector-Mediated Gene Transfer

ROR1-directed chimeric antigen receptor T cell recognition of self-antigen is associated with acute toxicity, T cell dysfunction, and poor tumor control

## Lentiviral Vector Approach to Suppression of BCL11a in SCD



- Transduced 70 81% of SCD HSCs → HbF induction of 66-81% (and suppression of HbS to 5-38%)
- Program and IP exclusively licensed from Boston Children's Hospital
- IND open (NCT03282656) and BCH investigator planning to advance into the clinic in H1 2018

## Additional Clinical Study Data to be Presented at ASH

HGB-204	HGB-205	HGB-207
NORMAL STREET, NORMAL STREET,	HGB-205         Longer-term follow up on         TDT and SCD	NREFERENCE Updated data on 3 patients with TDT seen at EHA; early data from additional patients
HGB-206	CRB-401	
		Investor Event at ASH

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Q&A

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